FAA HOLDOVER TIME GUIDELINES REGRESSION INFORMATION



WINTER 2021-2022 ORIGINAL ISSUE: AUGUST 4, 2021

The content of this document is the official FAA winter 2021-2022 holdover time guidelines regression information.

Questions concerning FAA aircraft ground de/anti-icing requirements or Flight Standards policies should be addressed to charles.j.enders@faa.gov or 202-267-4557.

Questions on the technical content of the holdover time tables or regression information should be addressed to warren.underwood@faa.gov or 404-305-7267.

Questions regarding editorial content or web access issues should be addressed to sung.shin@faa.gov or 202-267-8086.

The Holdover Times Tables and related information can be found at the FAA's Aircraft Ground Deicing website.

To receive notifications on updates to the Holdover Times Tables and related information, subscribe to the Aircraft Ground Deicing website by clicking on this link.

CHANGE CONTROL RECORDS

This page indicates any changes made to individual pages within the document. Changed pages have the appropriate revision date in the footer. Sidebars are shown to assist in identifying where changes have been made on these pages.

It is the responsibility of the end user to periodically check the following website for updates: https://www.faa.gov/other_visit/aviation_industry/airline_operators/airline_safety/deicing/.

REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES	AFFECTED PAGES	AUTHOR

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Change Control Records	2
Table of Contents	
List of Tables	
Highlights and Changes for Winter 2021-2022	
Guidance for Using Regression Information	
Regression Information Tables for Winter 2021-2022	

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1-1: Generic Type I (Aluminum Wing Surfaces)	10
Table 1-2: Generic Type I (Composite Wing Surfaces)	11
Table 2-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-2	12
Table 2-2: Aviation Shaanxi Hi-Tech Cleanwing II	13
Table 2-3: Beijing Yadilite Aviation YD-102 Type II	
Table 2-4: Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT	
Table 2-5: Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT PLUS	
Table 2-6: Cryotech Polar Guard® II	17
Table 2-7: JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost PG 2	18
Table 2-8: Kilfrost ABC-K Plus	19
Table 2-9: Newave Aerochemical FCY-2	
Table 2-10: Newave Aerochemical FCY-2 Bio+	21
Table 2-11: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG Type II	22
Table 2-12: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT Type II	
Table 2-13: Type II Generic	24
Table 3-1: AllClear AeroClear MAX, Applied Unheated on Low Speed Aircraft	25
Table 3-2: AllClear AeroClear MAX, Applied Unheated on High Speed Aircraft	
Table 4-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-49	
Table 4-2: AllClear ClearWing ECO	
Table 4-3: AllClear ClearWing EG	
Table 4-4: ASGlobal 4Flite EG	
Table 4-5: ASGlobal 4Flite PG	
Table 4-6: AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight EG	
Table 4-7: AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight PG	
Table 4-8: CHEMCO ChemR EG IV	
Table 4-9: CHEMCO ChemR Nordik IV	
Table 4-10: Clariant Max Flight 04	
Table 4-11: Clariant Max Flight AVIA	
Table 4-12: Clariant Max Flight SNEG	
Table 4-13: Clariant Safewing EG IV NORTH	
Table 4-14: Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH	
Table 4-15: Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH PLUS	
Table 4-16: Cryotech Polar Guard® Advance	
Table 4-17: Cryotech Polar Guard® Xtend	
Table 4-18: Dow Chemical UCAR™ Endurance EG106	
Table 4-19: Dow Chemical UCAR™ FlightGuard AD-49 Table 4-20: Inland Technologies ECO-SHIELD®	
Table 4-20: Inland Technologies ECO-SHIELD®	
Table 4-22: JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost EG 4	
Table 4-23: JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost NORTH 4	
Table 4-24: Kilfrost ABC-S Plus	
Table 4-25: Newave Aerochemical FCY 9311	
Table 4-26: Newave Aerochemical FCY-EGIV	
Table 4-27: Shaanxi Cleanway Aviation Cleansurface IV	
Table 4-28: Type IV Generic	
Table 5: Lowest Usable Precipitation Rates in Snow¹	
Table 6: Highest Usable Precipitation Rates in Snow¹	
·	

HIGHLIGHTS AND CHANGES FOR WINTER 2021-2022

The principal changes from the previous year are briefly indicated herein.

Type I Fluid

The Type I regression coefficients are unchanged.

Type II Fluid

- A regression coefficients table and verification table has been added for ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG
 Type II, a new Type II fluid added to the holdover time (HOT) guidelines for winter 2021-2022.
- Supplemental testing in very cold snow resulted in changes to one Type II fluid snow holdover times at temperatures below -14°C for winter 2021-2022. The related regression information has been updated accordingly.
- Supplemental testing for Aviation Shaanxi Cleanwing II resulted in changes to the snow holdover times for winter 2021-22. The related regression information has been updated accordingly.
- The regression coefficients table and verification table for Kilfrost Ice Clear II have been removed.
- Several changes were made to the Type II generic holdover times for winter 2021-2022. The Type II
 generic verification table has been updated accordingly.

Type III Fluid

The Type III regression coefficients are unchanged.

Type IV Fluid

- Regression coefficients tables and verification tables have been added for the eight new Type IV fluids, added to the holdover time (HOT) guidelines for winter 2021-2022: AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight EG, AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight PG, AllClear ClearWing ECO, ASGlobal 4Flite EG, ASGlobal 4Flite PG, CHEMCO ChemR Nordik IV, JSC RCP Nordix Defrost NORTH 4, and Newave Aerochemical FCY-EGIV.
- Supplemental testing in very cold snow resulted in changes to many Type IV fluids snow holdover times at temperatures below -14°C for winter 2021-2022. The related regression information has been updated accordingly.
- The regression coefficients table and verification table for LNT solutions E450 have been removed.
- Several changes were made to the Type IV generic holdover times for winter 2021-2022. The Type IV generic verification table has been updated accordingly.

Guidance

The guidance section remains unchanged.

GUIDANCE FOR USING REGRESSION INFORMATION

In recent years, several companies have been developing systems that measure precipitation rate in real-time. These systems, referred to as liquid water equivalent systems (LWES), can be used by check-time determination systems (CTDS) and holdover time determination systems (HOTDS) to calculate more precise holdover times than can be obtained from the holdover time guidelines. They do this using the weather data they collect and the regression information underlying the holdover time guidelines.

As a result of the development of LWES, CTDS and HOTDS, the FAA is making the regression coefficients and equations underlying the holdover time tables available to users. The purpose of this document is to provide the holdover time guidelines regression information for the 2021-2022 holdover time guidelines and to provide guidance on its usage.

The sources of the regression data, along with a history of the publication of regression information, are documented in the Transport Canada report, *Regression Coefficients and Equations Used to Develop the Winter 2021-22 Aircraft Ground Deicing Holdover Time Tables.* This document can be referenced for further information if required.

Use of these systems is authorized through the FAA Advisory Circular (AC) 120-112 *Use of Liquid Water Equivalent System (LWES) to Determine Holdover Times or Check Times for Anti-icing Fluids* (latest version). Throughout this document, AC 120-112 is referred as the FAA LWES AC. For further information contact AFS-220 Ground Deicing Focal Charles J. Enders, phone 202-267-4557, email charles.j.enders@faa.gov.

Interpreting Regression Coefficients Tables

Regression information is provided in this document in a series of regression coefficients tables. Each regression coefficients table shows the regression coefficients and equations that are to be used to calculate holdover times at specific outside air temperatures, under specific precipitation types, with specific fluid dilutions (as applicable for Type II/III/IV fluids).

Each regression coefficients table is presented in the format of its corresponding holdover time table. (One exception is the Type II and Type IV regression coefficients tables, which have a single temperature band (below -3 to -14°C) which provides the regression coefficients for both the below -3 to -8°C and below -8 to -14°C temperature bands in the Type II and Type IV holdover time tables.) A footnote is provided at the top of each column to indicate the form of the regression equation for the cells in that column. The regression coefficients required for the equation are given in the corresponding cells below.

The coefficients provided in each table cell are valid only for the conditions (temperature, precipitation type, fluid dilution) of that cell. In cells where no temperature coefficient (coefficient "B") is provided, temperature is not an input into the equation.

Applicability of Regression Coefficients Tables

The Type I generic regression coefficients tables are applicable for all Type I fluids. Fluid-specific regression coefficients tables are available and applicable for all Type II, Type III, and Type IV fluids. If the specific fluid being used is not known, the methodology for calculating Type II or Type IV generic holdover times must be followed (see next page).

To use the regression information provided in this document to obtain holdover times that are valid for operations in which flaps/slats are deployed prior to de/anti-icing: use the regression information applicable to the fluid and weather condition and multiply the result obtained by 76%.

Calculating Type II and Type IV Generic Holdover Times

Generic Type II and Type IV holdover times are used when a flight crew is unaware of the specific fluid that has been used to de/anti-ice their aircraft. The generic values represent the shortest possible holdover time of either

all Type II or all Type IV fluids available. The following methodologies must be applied to CTDS/HOTDS programming to enable the systems to determine generic Type II and Type IV holdover times.

Type II: To calculate Type II generic holdover times, the CTDS/HOTDS must be programmed to calculate the holdover time for each Type II fluid on the FAA list of fluids tested for anti-icing performance and aerodynamic acceptance and return the shortest holdover time calculated. This is the generic Type II holdover time.

<u>Type IV</u>: To calculate Type IV generic holdover times, the CTDS/HOTDS must be programmed to calculate the holdover time for each Type IV fluid on the FAA list of fluids tested for anti-icing performance and aerodynamic acceptance and return the shortest holdover time calculated. This is the generic Type IV holdover time.

Verification Tables

Verification tables are provided for each of the regression coefficients tables and also for the generic Type II and generic Type IV holdover times. Each verification table provides verification values for select boundary conditions in the associated holdover time table. For Type II, III and IV fluids, the verification tables also include verification values for the lowest usable precipitation rate in snow.

NOTE: CTDS/HOTDS manufacturers may find it useful to use these verification tables as an aid in verifying the implementation of their software algorithms. However, CTDS/HOTDS manufacturers are cautioned that these tables are not all encompassing and that they must develop comprehensive verification and validation methods to ensure the adequacy of their software algorithms.

Lowest and Highest Usable Precipitation Rates in Snow (Table 5 and Table 6)

Snow test data for some fluids is not sufficient to support extrapolation of the regression curves to very low and/or very high rates of precipitation. The lowest usable precipitation rates (LUPRs) and highest usable precipitation rates (HUPRs) in snow have been identified and are included in Table 5 (LUPRs) and Table 6 (HUPRs) for Type II, III and IV fluids (Type I fluids are not affected). The LUPRs and HUPRs differ by fluid brand, fluid dilution and temperature.

NOTE: At this time LUPRs and HUPRs are provided for snow only; LUPRs and HUPRs are not provided for any other precipitation type. The lowest and highest precipitation rates that can be used in other precipitation types are specified in the FAA LWES AC.

Limitations of Regression Information

Users are cautioned that care must be taken in the application of the regression information. There are a number of rules, exceptions and cautions detailed in this document, the holdover time guidelines, and the FAA LWES AC that must be considered.

Several limitations on the usage of the regression information are listed below.

- The regression coefficients can only be used with liquid water equivalent information that is provided by a CTDS or HOTDS in accordance with the FAA LWES AC.
- Regression equations which include a temperature coefficient cannot be populated with temperature data greater than or equal to 2°C. This is a limitation of the form of the equation. The FAA LWES AC instructs that 0°C be input into the equation when temperature is above 0°C.
- Regression data is developed for specific fluid dilutions. The data cannot be interpolated to determine holdover times for use with dilutions other than the standard 100/0, 75/25 and 50/50 mixtures.
- The regression coefficients are based on best-fit power-law curves and the shape of these curves can
 result in extreme values outside the precipitation rate limits at which endurance time tests are conducted.
 Therefore, these values are not necessarily accurate. Caution must therefore be exercised when using

the regression equations to calculate holdover times outside of the precipitation rate limits used in the development of holdover time tables, especially at precipitation rates below the lower precipitation rate limit, where the power-law curves give much longer holdover times.

- The lowest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations (this does not apply
 to other precipitation types) is constrained by the higher of the following:
 - Minimum demonstrated precipitation measuring equipment rates in accordance with the FAA LWES AC (which shall not be less than 2.0 g/dm²/h); and
 - Lowest usable precipitation rate (LUPR) for each fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in Table 5
 of this document. The LUPR is the lowest precipitation rate for which sufficient snow data exists
 to support use of the regression coefficients.
- The highest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations (this does not apply
 to other precipitation types) is constrained by the lower of the following:
 - 1. The highest precipitation rate for snow stated in the FAA LWES AC (50 g/dm²/h); and
 - 2. The highest usable precipitation rate (HUPR) for each fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in Table 6 of this document. The HUPR is the highest precipitation rate for which sufficient snow data exists to support use of the regression coefficients.
- All other lowest and highest precipitation rates to be used as inputs to the regression equations are precipitation type dependent and provided in the FAA LWES AC.
- As regression coefficients and equations are not currently used in the determination of frost holdover times, regression coefficient information is not provided for frost.
- As regression coefficients and equations are not used in the determination of the allowance times
 provided for ice pellets, small hail and ice pellets mixed with other types of precipitation, regression
 coefficient information is not provided for allowance times.

REGRESSION INFORMATION TABLES FOR WINTER 2021-2022

The regression information for winter 2021-2022 is presented in a series of tables on the following pages. The regression information tables are presented first and are followed by the tables of highest and lowest usable precipitation rates.

The regression information tables are sorted by fluid type (Type I, then Type II, then Type III, then Type IV). Within each fluid type group, the tables are arranged in alphabetical order. The tables are as follows:

- Tables 1-1 to 1-2: Type I Fluid Regression Information Tables
- Tables 2-1 to 2-13: Type II Fluid Regression Information Tables
- Tables 3-1 to 3-2: Type III Fluid Regression Information Tables
- Tables 4-1 to 4-28: Type IV Fluid Regression Information Tables

The tables of highest and lowest usable precipitation rates are presented following the regression information. The tables are as follows:

- Table 5: Lowest Usable Precipitation Rates
- Table 6: Highest Usable Precipitation Rates

TABLE 1-1: GENERIC TYPE I (ALUMINUM WING SURFACES)

	Regress	ion Coefficients for	Calculating Holdov	ver Times Under Va	rious Weather Con	ditions
Outside Air Temperature	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets ²³	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	I = 1.3735 A = -0.4751	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585	I = 1.3829 A = -0.3848	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200	I = 0.9355 A = -0.3384	
below -3 to -6 °C (below 27 to 21 °F)	I = 1.2734 A = -0.5299	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585	I = 1.3842 A = -0.6152	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200		
below -6 to -10 °C (below 21 to 14 °F)	I = 1.1678 A = -0.5575	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585	I = 1.2545 A = -0.5857	I = 2.2598 A = -1.4012	CAUT No hol time gui exi	dover delines
below -10 °C (below 14 °F)	I = 1.1473 A = -0.6415	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585				

³ Type I aluminum snow values are rounded down to the nearest one minute (e.g. 6.5 mins = 6 mins, 18.6 mins = 18 mins) to determine holdover time table values

			HOTDS	Verification As (ler Various rom Regress		•	minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Freezii or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)	
	5	2	25	10	4	13	5	25	13	75	5
+1 / -3 *	11.0	17.0	6.5	11.0	18.6	9.0	13.0	2.0	5.0	2.0	5.0
-6	8.0	13.0	5.0	8.5	14.3	5.0	9.0	2.0	5.0		
-10	6.0	10.0	4.0	6.7	11.4	4.0	7.0	2.0	5.0		
-25	5.0	9.0	2.5	4.3	7.3						

^{*} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) 2 Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

TABLE 1-2: GENERIC TYPE I (COMPOSITE WING SURFACES)

	Regress	sion Coefficients for	Calculating Holdov	ver Times Under Va	rious Weather Con	ditions
Outside Air Temperature	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets ²³	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	I = 1.3931 A = -0.6279	I = 1.6656 A = -0.7424 B = -0.2094	I = 1.4691 A = -0.5081	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200	I = 1.1144 A = -0.5943	
below -3 to -6 °C (below 27 to 21 °F)	I = 0.9976 A = -0.3140	I = 1.6656 A = -0.7424 B = -0.2094	I = 1.3842 A = -0.6152	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200		
below -6 to -10 °C (below 21 to 14 °F)	I = 1.1308 A = -0.7565	I = 1.6656 A = -0.7424 B = -0.2094	I = 1.2545 A = -0.5857	I = 2.2598 A = -1.4012	CAUT No hol time gui exi	dover delines
below -10 °C (below 14 °F)	I = 1.0289 A = -0.6107	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585				

³ Type I composite snow values below 10 mins are rounded down to the nearest one minute (e.g. 2.5 mins = 2 mins) to determine holdover time table values

			HOTDS			ler Various rom Regress		•	ninutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	zle	Freezir	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing n²/h)	
	5	2	25	10	4	13	5	25	13	75	5
+1 / -3 *	9.0	16.0	3.0	6.0	11.8	8.0	13.0	2.0	5.0	1.0	5.0
-6	6.0	8.0	2.7	5.4	10.7	5.0	9.0	2.0	5.0		
-10	4.0	8.0	2.5	5.0	9.8	4.0	7.0	2.0	5.0		
-25	4.0	7.0	2.5	4.3	7.3						

^{*} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) 2 Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

TABLE 2-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-2

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezina	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Dilation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5300 A = -0.8946	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.6240 A = -0.8987	I = 2.5285 A = -0.7682	I = 2.4977 A = -0.8034	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 1.9838 A = -0.1716	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.2055 A = -0.5820	I = 2.2411 A = -0.6851	I = 2.3107 A = -0.8650	
	50/50	I = 1.6478 A = -0.5976	I = 2.0999 A = -0.7867 B = -0.1524	I = 2.0999 A = -0.7867 B = -0.1524	I = 2.0999 A = -0.7867 B = -0.1524	I = 1.6770 A = -0.6366	I = 1.5734 A = -0.5302		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5699 A = -1.2862	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.6096 A = -1.0768	I = 2.3302 A = -0.7561		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.4425 A = -1.2784	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.7079 A = -1.3713	I = 2.3728 A = -0.7324	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8390 A = -0.8725	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	= 1.8390 A = -0.8725	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -27 °C (below -13 to -17 °F)	100/0	= 1.8390 A = -0.8725	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und Calculated fr				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)		
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	80.3	182.3	38.7	74.6	176.5	42.0	99.0	28.5	47.1	9.8	86.3
+1 / -3 **	75/25	73.1	85.5	26.0	52.5	132.2	36.1	62.9	19.2	30.1	4.9	50.8
	50/50	17.0	29.4	7.8	16.1	41.5	9.3	17.1	6.8	9.6		
-8	100/0	46.9	152.3	31.7	61.1	144.7	25.7	71.9	18.8	30.8		
-0	75/25	35.4	114.2	24.6	49.6	124.9	15.1	56.2	22.3	36.1		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	46.9	152.3	27.7	53.4	126.4	25.7	71.9	18.8	30.8		
-10 / -14	75/25	35.4	114.2	23.7	47.8	120.2	15.1	56.2	22.3	36.1		
-18	100/0	16.9	37.7	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	16.9	37.7	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-27	100/0	16.9	37.7	0.0	1.0	7.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-2: AVIATION SHAANXI HI-TECH CLEANWING II

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	over Times Under Various Weather Conditions						
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Eroozina	Light	Rain on				
romporataro	Silation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other			
		I = 2.2573	I = 2.6057	I = 2.6057	I = 2.6057	I = 2.1979	I = 2.2567	I = 2.1512				
	100/0	A = -0.7407	A = -0.6656 B = -0.3133	A = -0.6656 B = -0.3133	A = -0.6656 B = -0.3133	A = -0.5728	A = -0.6317	A = -0.6064				
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.0742 A = -0.5411	I = 2.3044 A = -0.6229 B = -0.0204	I = 2.3044 A = -0.6229 B = -0.0204	I = 2.3044 A = -0.6229 B = -0.0204	I = 2.1475 A = -0.5338	I = 2.2158 A = -0.6683	I = 2.1568 A = -0.6861				
	50/50	I = 1.9836 A = -0.6276	I = 2.5060 A = -0.7213 B = -0.5237	I = 2.5060 A = -0.7213 B = -0.5237	I = 2.5060 A = -0.7213 B = -0.5237	I = 2.0341 A = -0.6288	I = 2.1847 A = -0.7830					
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.3283 A = -0.9431	I = 2.6057 A = -0.6656 B = -0.3133	I = 2.6057 A = -0.6656 B = -0.3133	I = 2.6057 A = -0.6656 B = -0.3133	I = 2.1441 A = -0.6033	I = 1.8282 A = -0.4021					
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.3328 A = -1.0611	I = 2.3044 A = -0.6229 B = -0.0204	I = 2.3044 A = -0.6229 B = -0.0204	I = 2.3044 A = -0.6229 B = -0.0204	I = 1.6685 A = -0.1061	I = 1.7474 A = -0.3274	CAUTIC No holdo time guide exist	ver lines			
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9950 A = -0.9540	I = 4.0861 A = -0.7279 B = -1.5166	I = 4.0861 A = -0.7279 B = -1.5166	I = 4.0861 A = -0.7279 B = -1.5166							
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9950 A = -0.9540	I = 4.0861 A = -0.7279 B = -1.5166	I = 4.0861 A = -0.7279 B = -1.5166	I = 4.0861 A = -0.7279 B = -1.5166							

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und alculated fr				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)		
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	54.9	108.2	28.6	52.6	117.3	36.3	62.7	23.6	35.7	10.3	53.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	49.7	81.5	26.3	46.5	98.4	35.7	59.5	19.1	29.6	7.4	47.6
	50/50	35.1	62.3	13.5	26.2	62.5	21.6	39.3	12.3	20.5		
-8	100/0	46.7	110.8	23.0	42.3	94.4	29.7	52.8	18.5	24.0		
-0	75/25	39.0	103.1	25.9	45.8	97.0	35.5	39.3	19.5	24.1		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	46.7	110.8	19.9	36.5	81.4	29.7	52.8	18.5	24.0		
-10 / -14	75/25	39.0	103.1	25.6	45.4	96.1	35.5	39.3	19.5	24.1		
-18	100/0	21.3	51.0	12.5	24.3	58.3						
-25	100/0	21.3	51.0	7.9	15.4	37.0						

² Regression Equation: t = 10¹ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow ** Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-3: BEIJING YADILITE AVIATION YD-102 TYPE II

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro		Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.2562 A = -0.5977	I = 2.7385 A = -0.7402 B = -0.4299	I = 2.7385 A = -0.7402 B = -0.4299	I = 2.7385 A = -0.7402 B = -0.4299	I = 2.3920 A = -0.7249	I = 1.9465 A = -0.3059	I = 2.2622 A = -0.6682	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 1.9892 A = -0.8353	I = 2.4080 A = -0.7439 B = -0.3491	I = 2.4080 A = -0.7439 B = -0.3491	I = 2.4080 A = -0.7439 B = -0.3491	I = 2.2407 A = -0.9340	I = 2.3425 A = -0.9259	I = 1.7678 A = -0.5942	
	50/50	I = 1.5895 A = -0.5473	I = 2.1960 A = -0.8600 B = -0.3992	I = 2.1960 A = -0.8600 B = -0.3992	I = 2.1960 A = -0.8600 B = -0.3992	I = 1.6035 A = -0.6300	I = 1.5230 A = -0.4848		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.1988 A = -0.7861	I = 2.7385 A = -0.7402 B = -0.4299	I = 2.7385 A = -0.7402 B = -0.4299	I = 2.7385 A = -0.7402 B = -0.4299	I = 2.0314 A = -0.4651	I = 1.4027 A = 0.0002		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 1.8916 A = -0.6222	I = 2.4080 A = -0.7439 B = -0.3491	I = 2.4080 A = -0.7439 B = -0.3491	I = 2.4080 A = -0.7439 B = -0.3491	I = 1.8407 A = -0.6501	I = 1.5490 A = -0.3996	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9202 A = -0.8505	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9202 A = -0.8505	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9202 A = -0.8505	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezir or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	68.9	119.2	25.3	49.9	121.6	38.4	76.8	33.0	40.3	10.2	62.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	25.4	54.7	13.3	26.3	64.4	15.9	38.7	11.2	20.5	4.5	22.5
	50/50	16.1	26.6	5.2	11.4	32.1	8.0	14.6	7.0	9.6		
-8	100/0	44.6	91.7	18.8	37.0	90.2	32.6	50.9	25.3	25.3		
-8	75/25	28.6	50.6	10.4	20.7	50.6	13.1	24.3	9.8	12.7		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	44.6	91.7	15.3	30.2	73.7	32.6	50.9	25.3	25.3		
-10 / -14	75/25	28.6	50.6	8.9	17.5	42.9	13.1	24.3	9.8	12.7		
-18	100/0	21.2	46.2	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	21.2	46.2	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-29	100/0	21.2	46.2	0.0	1.0	7.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-4: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP II FLIGHT

			Regression	on Coefficients	for Calculati	ng Holdover Times Under	Various Wea	ther Conditions	
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ²⁻³	Freezing	Light Freezing	Rain on Cold Soaked	Other
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Rain ¹	Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4369 A = -0.1630	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.6541 A = -0.6697	I = 2.9080 A = -0.8860	I = 2.4810 A = -0.7583	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3415 A = -0.4326	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 2.1306 A = -0.2689	I = 2.5596 A = -0.7512	I = 2.5884 or 4 I = 2.2277 A = -0.9638 A = -0.7375	
	50/50	I = 2.2250 A = -0.6732	I = 2.2879 A = -0.7080 B = -0.2971	I = 2.2879 A = -0.7080 B = -0.2971	I = 2.2879 A = -0.7080 B = -0.2971	I = 1.7413 A = -0.3693	I = 1.9070 A = -0.6463		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2233 A = -0.6827	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.6220 A = -0.9557	I = 2.5701 A = -0.8095		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1182 A = -1.0244	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 2.6085 A = -1.0800 Or ⁴ I = 2.7141 A = -1.2023	I = 2.3076 A = -0.6932	CAUTION: No holdover	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8996 A = -0.6356	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476			time guidelines exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8996 A = -0.6356	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8996 A = -0.6356	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

⁴ Calculate value using both sets of coefficients; take shortest holdover time calculated

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezin	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	210.4	244.2	58.2	95.7	184.1	80.9	153.5	46.7	83.4	11.5	89.3
+1 / -3 **	75/25	109.4	162.7	41.9	80.8	191.5	67.8	87.6	32.3	52.8	6.0	51.5
	50/50	56.8	105.3	12.3	23.6	55.3	21.4	30.4	10.1	15.4		
-8	100/0	55.7	104.2	46.9	77.1	148.3	36.1	89.9	27.4	46.6		
-0	75/25	25.2	64.5	28.4	54.8	129.7	23.7	71.4	21.8	34.3		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	55.7	104.2	40.5	66.6	128.1	36.1	89.9	27.4	46.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	25.2	64.5	21.8	42.1	99.6	23.7	71.4	21.8	34.3		
-18	100/0	28.5	51.1	8.5	24.4	98.2						
-25	100/0	28.5	51.1	3.6	10.4	41.8						
-29	100/0	28.5	51.1	2.4	7.0	28.2						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^{\text{A}} \, (2 \cdot \text{T})^{\text{B}}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-5: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP II FLIGHT PLUS

		Regression	Coefficients for C	Calculating Hold	over Times Unde	r Various Weath	er Conditions
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets ²³	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain ¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5234 A = -0.4612	I = 3.1605 A = -0.8880 B = -0.3275	I = 2.4469 A = -0.4650	I = 2.2484 A = -0.4093	I = 2.6707 A = -0.8193	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.5521 A = -0.5255	I = 2.6834 A = -0.6171 B = -0.0598	I = 2.3720 A = -0.3524	I = 2.6120 A = -0.6593	I = 2.3026 A = -0.5932	
	50/50	I = 2.4106 A = -0.8778	I = 2.6120 A = -0.6769 B = -0.7145	I = 2.3447 A = -0.7750	I = 1.8799 A = -0.5318		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5312 A = -1.2991	I = 3.1605 A = -0.8880 B = -0.3275	I = 2.6242 A = -0.9778	I = 2.5660 A = -0.7490		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.4057 A = -1.2869	I = 2.6834 A = -0.6171 B = -0.0598	I = 2.5280 A = -0.9864	I = 2.1271 A = -0.4438	0.10	ITION: oldover
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8877 A = -0.8771	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000				uidelines xist
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8877 A = -0.8771	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8877 A = -0.8771	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	•	•
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	158.9	242.4	49.0	110.6	249.4	84.9	132.4	47.4	62.0	13.6	125.3
+1 / -3 **	75/25	153.0	247.7	60.1	105.8	222.4	95.4	133.6	49.0	75.4	15.5	77.3
	50/50	62.7	140.1	14.7	27.3	50.7	30.3	63.5	13.7	19.4		
-8	100/0	42.0	138.1	39.1	88.1	198.8	34.3	87.2	33.0	53.9		
-0	75/25	32.1	104.3	57.7	101.5	213.4	26.9	69.0	32.1	42.9		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	42.0	138.1	33.5	75.5	170.4	34.3	87.2	33.0	53.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	32.1	104.3	56.1	98.7	207.5	26.9	69.0	32.1	42.9		
-18	100/0	18.8	42.0	2.0	7.0	7.0						
-25	100/0	18.8	42.0	1.0	3.0	3.0						
-29	100/0	18.8	42.0	0.0	1.0	1.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-6: CRYOTECH POLAR GUARD® II

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro	Dilation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5794 A = -0.5025	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.2682 A = -0.2524	I = 2.2584 A = -0.2806	I = 2.6661 A = -0.7999	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.5776 A = -0.5705	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.2204 A = -0.1898	I = 2.8328 A = -0.8896	I = 2.6248 A = -0.8807	
	50/50	I = 2.1254 A = -0.6271	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.2943 A = -0.9086	I = 2.3695 A = -0.9996		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	= 2.5101 A = -1.1145	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.7077 A = -1.0390	I = 2.0801 A = -0.3886		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.2594 A = -0.9785	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.4495 A = -0.9076	I = 2.0483 A = -0.3597	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134				
below -25 to -30.5 °C (below -13 to -23 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und Calculated fr				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	169.1	268.0	65.6	113.6	233.5	97.1	123.5	73.5	88.3	14.7	127.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	151.0	254.6	40.1	84.9	227.7	102.1	122.4	38.8	69.5	9.4	102.1
	50/50	48.6	86.4	10.0	26.4	94.9	19.2	45.6	9.4	18.0		
-8	100/0	53.8	149.5	48.4	83.8	172.4	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-0	75/25	37.6	92.2	31.5	66.8	179.1	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	53.8	149.5	39.4	68.2	140.3	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	37.6	92.2	26.8	56.8	152.2	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-18	100/0	27.4	51.9	11.5	33.2	134.2						
-25	100/0	27.4	51.9	4.8	13.8	56.0						
-30.5	100/0	27.4	51.9	2.7	7.9	31.7						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-7: JSC RCP NORDIX DEFROST PG 2

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro	Dilution	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.2918 A = -0.8145	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.2402 A = -0.6580	I = 2.3748 A = -0.7498	I = 2.4186 A = -0.7567	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.2699 A = -0.6569	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.0887 A = -0.5872	I = 2.4497 A = -0.9006	I = 1.9718 A = -0.6216	
	50/50	I = 2.2311 A = -0.6560	I = 2.7673 A = -0.7928 B = -0.2600	I = 2.7673 A = -0.7928 B = -0.2600	I = 2.7673 A = -0.7928 B = -0.2600	I = 2.1018 A = -0.5878	I = 2.3509 A = -0.8146		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.0963 A = -0.5196	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 1.9595 A = -0.3909	I = 2.1235 A = -0.5815		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1158 A = -0.7229	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 1.9013 A = -0.4425	I = 1.8645 A = -0.4846	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0196 A = -0.6831	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0196 A = -0.6831	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -27 °C (below -13 to -17 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0196 A = -0.6831	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	52.8	111.3	29.1	56.8	136.9	32.2	60.3	21.2	34.6	10.0	77.6
+1 / -3 **	75/25	64.7	118.1	21.5	47.2	132.5	27.2	47.7	15.5	28.0	6.4	34.5
	50/50	59.2	108.0	30.0	62.1	161.2	28.0	49.1	16.3	27.8		
-8	100/0	54.1	87.1	22.7	44.3	106.8	33.4	48.6	20.4	29.9		
-0	75/25	40.8	79.1	14.3	31.5	88.5	25.6	39.1	15.4	21.1		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	54.1	87.1	19.2	37.5	90.3	33.4	48.6	20.4	29.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	40.8	79.1	10.9	23.9	67.3	25.6	39.1	15.4	21.1		
-18	100/0	34.8	65.2	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	34.8	65.2	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-27	100/0	34.8	65.2	0.0	1.0	7.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 R^A (2-T)^B$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-8: KILFROST ABC-K PLUS

		Regression	Coefficients for C	alculating Hold	over Times Unde	r Various Weath	er Conditions
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets ²⁻³	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5148 A = -0.5532	I = 2.6804 A = -0.5771 B = -0.1414	I = 2.2527 A = -0.1978	I = 2.5473 A = -0.5588	I = 2.6523 A = -0.7393	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3020 A = -0.4342	I = 2.5273 A = -0.6849 B = -0.0149	I = 2.3200 A = -0.3522	I = 2.4709 A = -0.5601	I = 2.5956 A = -0.7470	
	50/50	I = 1.9950 A = -0.6463	I = 2.3972 A = -0.8261 B = -0.5288	I = 1.7256 A = -0.3910	I = 2.0364 A = -0.7354		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.0780 A = -0.8928	I = 2.6804 A = -0.5771 B = -0.1414	I = 2.4865 A = -0.9979	I = 3.2510 A = -1.5260		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.3405 A = -1.3357	I = 2.5273 A = -0.6849 B = -0.0149	I = 2.4921 A = -1.0863	I = 3.6906 A = -1.9574	0.10	ITION: oldover
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9498 A = -0.6590	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000				uidelines xist
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9498 A = -0.6590	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9498 A = -0.6590	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Dilution Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)			w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	134.3	223.0	59.5	101.0	202.4	107.7	130.1	58.4	84.1	18.5	136.6
+1 / -3 **	75/25	99.7	148.4	36.3	67.9	127.2	84.7	118.5	48.7	70.3	15.7	118.4
	50/50	34.9	63.2	7.5	15.9	43.0	19.5	28.3	10.2	16.5		
-8	100/0	28.4	64.5	54.0	91.6	183.5	23.7	61.5	13.1	35.6		
-0	75/25	25.5	86.8	35.9	67.2	125.9	19.1	54.1	9.0	32.4		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	28.4	64.5	50.5	85.7	171.7	23.7	61.5	13.1	35.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	25.5	86.8	35.6	66.8	125.0	19.1	54.1	9.0	32.4		
-18	100/0	30.8	56.4	2.0	7.0	7.0						
-25	100/0	30.8	56.4	1.0	3.0	3.0						
-29	100/0	30.8	56.4	0.0	1.0	1.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-9: NEWAVE AEROCHEMICAL FCY-2

		Regression	Coefficients for C	Calculating Hold	over Times Unde	r Various Weath	er Conditions
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets ²³	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain ¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3831 A = -0.7394	I = 2.7862 A = -0.6652 B = -0.5351	I = 2.3424 A = -0.7349	I = 2.1756 A = -0.5685	I = 2.0886 A = -0.6241	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.1617 A = -0.6765	I = 2.6255 A = -0.6413 B = -0.5531	I = 2.1241 A = -0.6856	I = 2.6154 A = -1.0787	I = 1.8312 A = -0.6039	
	50/50	I = 1.6808 A = -0.3883	I = 2.1561 A = -0.7445 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7656 A = -0.6698	I = 1.6020 A = -0.5128		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.1844 A = -0.7552	I = 2.7862 A = -0.6652 B = -0.5351	I = 2.2637 A = -0.8968	I = 1.6935 A = -0.3738		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.0300 A = -0.7545	I = 2.6255 A = -0.6413 B = -0.5531	I = 2.0031 A = -0.7745	I = 2.0994 A = -0.8524		TION: oldover
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7388 A = -0.5485	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			•	uidelines kist
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7388 A = -0.5485	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7388 A = -0.5485	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes) As Calculated from Regression Coefficients										
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezir or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)			
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5		
	100/0	73.5	144.7	30.4	55.8	124.4	33.4	67.4	24.0	34.9	8.3	44.9		
+1 / -3 **	75/25	48.8	90.8	22.0	39.6	85.7	22.9	44.1	12.8	25.9	5.0	25.7		
	50/50	25.7	36.6	13.0	25.8	63.2	10.5	19.8	7.7	10.7				
-8	100/0	45.3	90.6	21.0	38.5	85.8	18.4	43.3	14.8	18.9				
-0	75/25	31.8	63.5	15.0	27.0	58.4	13.8	29.0	8.1	14.1				
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	45.3	90.6	16.3	30.0	66.8	18.4	43.3	14.8	18.9				
-10 / -14	75/25	31.8	63.5	11.6	20.8	45.0	13.8	29.0	8.1	14.1				
-18	100/0	22.7	37.5	2.0	7.0	7.0								
-25	100/0	22.7	37.5	1.0	3.0	3.0								
-28	100/0	22.7	37.5	0.0	1.0	1.0								

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-10: NEWAVE AEROCHEMICAL FCY-2 BIO+

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ıs
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro	Diracion .	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3819 A = -0.6607	I = 3.1420 A = -0.8361 B = -0.7102	I = 3.1420 A = -0.8361 B = -0.7102	I = 3.1420 A = -0.8361 B = -0.7102	I = 2.2626 A = -0.5057	I = 2.6041 A = -0.8687	I = 2.4390 A = -0.8058	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.0853 A = -0.6218	I = 2.8399 A = -0.7994 B = -0.6556	I = 2.8399 A = -0.7994 B = -0.6556	I = 2.8399 A = -0.7994 B = -0.6556	I = 2.2267 A = -0.7378	I = 1.9393 A = -0.5060	I = 1.9514 A = -0.5966	
	50/50	I = 1.6563 A = -0.6034	I = 1.9658 A = -0.5568 B = -0.3538	I = 1.9658 A = -0.5568 B = -0.3538	I = 1.9658 A = -0.5568 B = -0.3538				
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2250 A = -0.8616	I = 3.1420 A = -0.8361 B = -0.7102	I = 3.1420 A = -0.8361 B = -0.7102	I = 3.1420 A = -0.8361 B = -0.7102	I = 2.2571 A = -0.6478	I = 2.4418 A = -0.8745		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.0676 A = -0.8031	I = 2.8399 A = -0.7994 B = -0.6556	I = 2.8399 A = -0.7994 B = -0.6556	I = 2.8399 A = -0.7994 B = -0.6556	I = 1.9065 A = -0.5604	I = 1.8028 A = -0.4737	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0929 A = -1.0828	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0929 A = -1.0828	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28.5 °C (below -13 to -19 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0929 A = -1.0828	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes) As Calculated from Regression Coefficients										
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezir or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)			
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5		
	100/0	83.2	152.4	30.0	64.5	176.5	50.0	81.1	24.5	43.3	8.5	75.1		
+1 / -3 **	75/25	75/25 44.7 79	79.1	18.4	38.2	100.1	25.4	51.4	17.1	23.7	6.8	34.2		
	50/50	17.2	29.8	8.7	14.5	28.4	10.8	18.5	8.2	12.3				
-8	100/0	42.0	92.4	18.3	39.4	107.9	34.3	63.7	16.6	29.4				
-0	75/25	32.1	67.0	11.7	24.3	63.5	19.2	32.7	13.8	18.8				
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	42.0	92.4	13.1	28.2	77.3	34.3	63.7	16.6	29.4				
-10 / -14	75/25	32.1	67.0	8.6	17.8	46.7	19.2	32.7	13.8	18.8				
-18	100/0	21.7	58.5	2.0	7.0	30.0					•			
-25	100/0	21.7	58.5	1.0	3.0	15.0								
-28.5	100/0	21.7	58.5	0.0	1.0	7.0								

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}\text{C};$ all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-11: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG TYPE II

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro	Dilution	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3974 A = -0.7794	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 2.3113 A = -0.5668	I = 2.2728 A = -0.5113	I = 2.4042 A = -0.8164	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.2548 A = -0.6819	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.3252 A = -0.6462	I = 2.3988 A = -0.7047	I = 2.2378 A = -0.7242	
	50/50	I = 2.0350 A = -0.9539	I = 2.3515 A = -0.7025 B = -0.2827	I = 2.3515 A = -0.7025 B = -0.2827	I = 2.3515 A = -0.7025 B = -0.2827	A = -0.6157 A = -0.7375			
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.1684 A = -0.6263	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 2.3829 A = -0.7538	I = 2.1520 A = -0.5404		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1020 A = -0.5437	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.4793 A = -0.9714	I = 2.3197 A = -0.7496	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.4934 A = -0.5224	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.4934 A = -0.5224	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	= 1.4934 A = -0.5224	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	•	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	71.2	145.5	33.1	71.2	195.4	47.9	82.2	36.1	50.5	7.5	68.2
+1 / -3 **	75/25	60.0	112.1	24.2	52.8	147.1	40.3	74.7	25.9	41.1	7.6	53.9
	50/50	23.3	56.0	14.9	28.3	65.9	18.9	34.0	10.8	17.5		
-8	100/0	53.8	95.5	23.6	50.9	139.6	34.9	71.8	24.9	35.5		
-0	75/25	52.7	86.8	17.6	38.3	106.8	25.0	63.1	18.7	30.5		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	53.8	95.5	18.8	40.5	111.1	34.9	71.8	24.9	35.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	52.7	86.8	14.1	30.8	85.9	25.0	63.1	18.7	30.5		
-18	100/0	13.4	21.7	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	13.4	21.7	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-28	100/0	13.4	21.7	0.0	1.0	7.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-12: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT TYPE II

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro	Dilution	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5740 A = -0.8251	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.6191 A = -0.9213	I = 2.4792 A = -0.7630	I = 2.1185 A = -0.6149	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.0354 A = -0.6203	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.0120 A = -0.5901	I = 2.1011 A = -0.6689	I = 1.7686 A = -0.5325	
	50/50	I = 1.7404 A = -0.6221	I = 1.9864 A = -0.5840 B = -0.2529	I = 1.9864 A = -0.5840 B = -0.2529	I = 1.9864 A = -0.5840 B = -0.2529				
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	= 1.8401 A = -0.5735	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.2574 A = -0.7754	I = 2.0901 A = -0.5723		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 1.9219 A = -0.6509	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 1.8894 A = -0.5596	I = 1.8836 A = -0.5597	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.5810 A = -0.5714	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.5810 A = -0.5714	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	I = 1.5810 A = -0.5714	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	99.4	211.7	29.7	58.7	143.7	39.2	94.4	25.9	42.6	9.2	48.8
+1 / -3 **	75/25	40.0	70.6	16.9	31.6	71.8	22.6	39.8	14.7	22.7	5.9	24.9
	50/50	20.2	35.7	9.8	16.8	34.0	12.2	28.8	8.0	11.8		
-8	100/0	27.5	46.5	21.0	41.4	101.4	24.8	51.9	19.5	28.4		
-0	75/25	29.3	53.2	12.1	22.6	51.2	18.5	31.5	12.6	18.2		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	27.5	46.5	16.6	32.7	80.0	24.8	51.9	19.5	28.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	29.3	53.2	9.6	17.9	40.8	18.5	31.5	12.6	18.2		
-18	100/0	15.2	25.6	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	15.2	25.6	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-28	100/0	15.2	25.6	0.0	1.0	7.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 2-13: TYPE II GENERIC

VERIFICATION TABLE

			Н	OTDS Verifi	cation Time As Calcula		arious Weat egression Co		ons (minute	es)	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	52.8	108.2	25.3	49.9	32.2	60.3	21.2	34.6	7.5	44.9
+1 / -3 *	75/25	25.4	54.7	13.3	26.3	15.9	38.7	11.2	20.5	4.5	22.5
	50/50	16.1	26.6	5.2	11.4	8.0	14.6	6.8	9.6		
-8	100/0	27.5	46.5	18.3	37.0	18.4	43.3	13.1	18.9		
-6	75/25	25.2	50.6	10.4	20.7	13.1	24.3	8.1	12.7		
-10 / -14 **	100/0	27.5	46.5	13.1	28.2	18.4	43.3	13.1	18.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	25.2	50.6	8.6	17.5	13.1	24.3	8.1	12.7		
-18	100/0	13.4	21.7	2.0	7.0						
-25	100/0	13.4	21.7	1.0	3.0						

^{*} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C
** Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 3-1: ALLCLEAR AEROCLEAR MAX, APPLIED UNHEATED ON LOW SPEED AIRCRAFT

		Regres	ssion Coefficients f	or Calculating Hold	lover Times Under	Various Weather Co	onditions¹
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ²	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets ³⁻⁴	Freezing Drizzle ²	Light Freezing Rain²	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing²	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3532 A = -0.9867	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2733 A = -0.8172	I = 2.4359 A = -0.9105	I = 2.1350 A = -0.7258	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -10°C	100/0	I = 2.2318 A = -0.7815	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1031 A = -0.6645	I = 2.2245 A = -0.7407		JTION: oldover
(below 27 to 14 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	_	uidelines exist
below -10 to -16 °C (below 14 to 3 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3342 A = -1.0165	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000				

¹ CAUTION: Fluid must be applied unheated on aircraft conforming to the SAE AS5900 low speed aerodynamic test criterion to use these regression coefficients

⁴ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve			er Various			(minutes)	c	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	46.1	113.8	18.2	38.7	104.3	23.1	50.4	14.6	26.4	5.9	42.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
40	100/0	48.5	99.2	18.2	38.7	104.3	23.1	43.5	15.5	25.1		
-10	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-25	100/0	42.0	106.7	18.2	38.7	104.3					•	

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ Regression Equation: t = 10¹ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

TABLE 3-2: ALLCLEAR AEROCLEAR MAX, APPLIED UNHEATED ON HIGH SPEED AIRCRAFT

		Regres	ssion Coefficients f	or Calculating Hold	lover Times Under	Various Weather Co	onditions ¹
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ²	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets ^{3,4}	Freezing Drizzle ²	Light Freezing Rain²	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing²	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3532 A = -0.9867	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2733 A = -0.8172	I = 2.4359 A = -0.9105	I = 2.1350 A = -0.7258	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -10°C	100/0	I = 2.2318 A = -0.7815	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1031 A = -0.6645	I = 2.2245 A = -0.7407		JTION: oldover
(below 27 to 14 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		uidelines exist
below -10 to -25 °C (below 14 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3342 A = -1.0165	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -35 °C (below -13 to -31 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1252 A = -1.0990	I = 2.1551 A = -0.8234 B = 0.0000				

¹ CAUTION: Fluid must be applied unheated on aircraft conforming to the SAE AS5900 high speed aerodynamic test criterion to use these regression coefficients

⁴ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

					HOTDS Ve			ler Various		Conditions cients	(minutes)			-
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Air Temp. Fluid	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)					Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	4	3	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	46.1	113.8	18.2	38.7	82.3	104.3	104.3	23.1	50.4	14.6	26.4	5.9	42.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10	100/0	48.5	99.2	18.2	38.7	82.3	104.3	104.3	23.1	43.5	15.5	25.1		
-10	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-25	100/0	42.0	106.7	18.2	38.7	82.3	104.3	104.3						
-35	100/0	22.8	62.3	52.3 10.1 21.5 45.6 57.8 57.8										

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A \, (2-T)^B$, where t = holdover time (minutes), $R = \text{precipitation rate } (g/dm^2/h)$ and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

TABLE 4-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-49

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Francisco	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Silation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4713 A = -0.2370	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.3729 A = -0.3927	I = 2.4943 A = -0.5000	I = 2.6531 A = -0.8558	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5177 A = -1.7715	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.8172 A = -1.2681	I = 1.9828 A = -0.5016		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

 $^{1 \ \} Regression \ Equation: \ t=10^{l} \ R^{A}, \ where \ t=holdover \ time \ (minutes) \ and \ R=precipitation \ rate \ (g/dm^{2}/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (sion Coeffic		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	202.1	251.2	58.8	113.3	267.9	86.2	125.4	62.4	86.6	11.2	113.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	19.0	96.5	46.6	89.6	211.9	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	19.0	96.5	39.7	76.5	180.8	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.2	40.2	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	23.2	40.2	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-26	100/0	23.2	40.2	0.0	2.0	10.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), $R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-2: ALLCLEAR CLEARWING ECO

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ıs
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.6504 A = -0.8265	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 2.3553 A = -0.2823	I = 2.4131 A = -0.3736	I = 2.6188 A = -0.7057	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4735 A = -0.9792	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 2.6806 A = -0.8496	I = 2.7686 A = -0.7996		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9001 A = -0.7542	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9001 A = -0.7542	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9001 A = -0.7542	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	•	•
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	118.2	252.1	52.4	106.8	271.8	109.9	143.9	77.8	99.3	19.8	133.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	61.5	150.9	38.4	78.3	199.2	54.2	122.1	44.8	75.5		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	61.5	150.9	31.1	63.4	161.4	54.2	122.1	44.8	75.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.6	47.1	16.8	32.7	78.2						
-25	100/0	23.6	47.1	7.8	15.2	36.3						
-26	100/0	23.6	47.1	7.1	13.8	33.1						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-3: ALLCLEAR CLEARWING EG

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Тоттрогили		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4808 A = -0.6236	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.2517 A = -0.3764	I = 3.1105 A = -1.1890	I = 2.4690 A = -0.7435	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6368 A = -0.9489	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.1945 A = -0.3445	I = 2.8711 A = -0.9900		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIO No holda	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3601 A = -0.9134	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747			time guide exist	lines
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3601 A = -0.9134	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3601 A = -0.9134	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dri	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	110.9	196.4	38.8	79.0	201.3	68.0	97.4	28.1	61.1	11.9	89.0
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	94.1	224.5	34.6	70.5	179.5	64.7	89.9	30.7	58.7		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	94.1	224.5	32.0	65.2	166.2	64.7	89.9	30.7	58.7		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	52.7	121.7	22.3	46.6	122.7						
-25	100/0	52.7	121.7	13.1	27.4	72.0						
-29	100/0	52.7	121.7	10.3	21.4	56.4						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^t R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-4: ASGLOBAL 4FLITE EG

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	· Various Wea	ather Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
		I = 2.5283	I = 2.7038	I = 2.7038	I = 2.7038	I = 2.2777	I = 2.5046	I = 2.3356	
	100/0	A = -0.7924	A = -0.7591	A = -0.7591	A = -0.7591	A = -0.6136	A = -0.8767	A = -0.7595	
			B = -0.2149	B = -0.2149	B = -0.2149				
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
		I = 2.4381	I = 2.7038	I = 2.7038	I = 2.7038	I = 2.2338	I = 2.4121	-	
	100/0	A = -0.7329	A = -0.7591	A = -0.7591	A = -0.7591	A = -0.5642	A = -0.7932		
below -3 to -14 °C			B = -0.2149	B = -0.2149	B = -0.2149				
(below 27 to 7 °F)		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	75/25							CAUTIC No holdo	
1 1 444 40.00		I = 2.0968	I = 2.2480	I = 2.1544	I = 2.3979			time guide	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	A = -0.5619	A = -0.9120	A = -0.7565	A = -1.0000			exist	
(20.011 10 0 1)			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
below -18 to -25 °C		I = 2.0968	I = 2.2685	I = 2.2465	I = 2.3751				
(below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	A = -0.5619	A = -1.1070	A = -1.0704	A = -1.1990				
, ,			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -30 °C		I = 2.1030	I = 2.1021	I = 2.1466	I = 2.4160				
(below -13 to -22 °F)	100/0	A = -0.9200	A = -1.1696	A = -1.2435	A = -1.5129				
,			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dri	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	94.3	194.9	31.1	62.3	155.4	39.3	70.6	19.0	33.7	8.2	63.8
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	84.3	165.0	26.8	53.7	133.9	40.3	69.1	20.1	33.8		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	84.3	165.0	24.2	48.5	121.0	40.3	69.1	20.1	33.8		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	50.6	84.7	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	50.6	84.7	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-30	100/0	28.8	67.0	2.0	8.0	35.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^t R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-5: ASGLOBAL 4FLITE PG

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	· Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4855 A = -0.6410	I = 2.9173 A = -0.6121 B = -0.4679	I = 2.9173 A = -0.6121 B = -0.4679	I = 2.9173 A = -0.6121 B = -0.4679	I = 2.1915 A = -0.3146	I = 2.5200 A = -0.6341	I = 2.2831 A = -0.5569	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2316 A = -0.5964	I = 2.9173 A = -0.6121 B = -0.4679	I = 2.9173 A = -0.6121 B = -0.4679	I = 2.9173 A = -0.6121 B = -0.4679	I = 2.0710 A = -0.3106	I = 2.4941 A = -0.6796		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8152 A = -0.5003	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8152 A = -0.5003	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to - 15°F)	100/0	I = 1.8152 A = -0.5003	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	-	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dri	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	109.0	196.1	54.3	95.1	198.7	69.4	93.7	43.0	65.1	17.3	78.3
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	65.3	112.7	39.2	68.8	143.7	53.1	71.4	35.0	54.6		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	65.3	112.7	31.5	55.2	115.3	53.1	71.4	35.0	54.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	29.2	46.2	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	29.2	46.2	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-26	100/0	29.2	46.2	0.0	2.0	10.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^t R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-6: AVIAFLUID AVIAFLIGHT EG

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4936 A = -0.7662	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5110 A = -0.6263	I = 2.6126 A = -0.8113	I = 2.6633 A = -0.8384	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5170 A = -0.8812	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.2536 A = -0.4445	I = 2.4418 A = -0.6514		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3805 A = -1.1620	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3805 A = -1.1620	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851				
below -25 to -31 °C (below -13 to -24 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0469 A = -0.7482	I = 1.9668 A = -0.7022 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9668 A = -0.7022 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9668 A = -0.7022 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und Calculated fr				(minutes)	•	•
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h) Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Dria	ezing zzle m²/h)	Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)		
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	90.8	183.2	39.1	67.6	138.6	65.1	118.4	30.1	51.2	12.3	119.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	79.6	178.5	34.9	60.3	123.6	57.3	87.7	34.0	52.0		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	79.6	178.5	32.3	55.8	114.4	57.3	87.7	34.0	52.0		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	37.0	107.3	27.1	51.6	120.2						
-25	100/0	37.0	107.3	21.4	40.8	94.9						
-31	100/0	33.4	66.3	9.7	18.4	42.8						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-7: AVIAFLUID AVIAFLIGHT PG

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
·		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
		I = 2.7578	I = 3.0863	I = 3.0863	I = 3.0863	I = 2.0792	I = 2.8829	I = 2.5971	
	100/0	A = -0.8947	A = -0.6642	A = -0.6642	A = -0.6642	A = 0.0000	A = -0.7432	A = -0.6957	
			B = -0.6086	B = -0.6086	B = -0.6086				
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
		I = 2.3529	I = 3.0863	I = 3.0863	I = 3.0863	I = 2.9286	I = 2.4317		
	100/0	A = -0.7865	A = -0.6642	A = -0.6642	A = -0.6642	A = -1.2431	A = -0.5672		
below -3 to -14 °C			B = -0.6086	B = -0.6086	B = -0.6086				
(below 27 to 7 °F)		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	75/25							CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C		I = 1.7548	I = 5.2600	I = 5.2600	I = 5.2600			time guide	lines
(below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	A = -0.7332	A = -0.6724	A = -0.6724	A = -0.6724			exist	
,			B = -2.4320	B = -2.4320	B = -2.4320				
below -18 to -25 °C		I = 1.7548	I = 5.2600	I = 5.2600	I = 5.2600				
(below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	A = -0.7332	A = -0.6724	A = -0.6724	A = -0.6724				
			B = -2.4320	B = -2.4320	B = -2.4320				
below -25 to -25.5 °C		I = 1.7548	I = 5.2600	I = 5.2600	I = 5.2600				
(below -13 to -14 °F)	100/0	A = -0.7332	A = -0.6724	A = -0.6724	A = -0.6724				
· ·			B = -2.4320	B = -2.4320	B = -2.4320				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution		HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes) As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)				
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5			
	100/0	135.7	307.9	54.0	99.2	220.8	120.0	120.0	69.8	113.5	19.6	129.1			
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-8	100/0	63.6	130.7	35.4	65.1	144.8	35.0	114.7	43.5	63.1					
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	63.6	130.7	26.6	48.9	108.8	35.0	114.7	43.5	63.1					
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-18	100/0	17.5	34.2	14.3	26.5	59.6									
-25	100/0	17.5	34.2	6.9	12.8	28.7									
-25.5	100/0	17.5	34.2	6.6	12.2	27.5									

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^t R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-8: CHEMCO CHEMR EG IV

	First	Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns			
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on				
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other			
	100/0	I = 2.5221 A = -0.6191	I = 2.8018 A = -0.9158 B = 0.0000	I = 2.8018 A = -0.9158 B = 0.0000	I = 2.8018 A = -0.9158 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5776 A = -0.8305	I = 2.3603 A = -0.6816	I = 2.6437 A = -0.8858				
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6566 A = -1.0376	I = 2.8018 A = -0.9158 B = 0.0000	I = 2.8018 A = -0.9158 B = 0.0000	I = 2.8018 A = -0.9158 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3439 A = -0.5194	I = 2.3463 A = -0.5867					
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd				
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1693 A = -0.8359	I = 2.3992 A = -0.7726 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3992 A = -0.7726 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3992 A = -0.7726 B = 0.0000			•	time guidelines exist			
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	$\Delta = 0.0000$ 1 100/0 1 $\Delta = 0.08359$ 1 $\Delta = 0.07726$ 1 $\Delta = 0.07726$ 1 $\Delta = 0.07726$ 1											
below -25 to -27 °C (below -13 to -17 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1693 A = -0.8359	I = 2.3992 A = -0.7726 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3992 A = -0.7726 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3992 A = -0.7726 B = 0.0000							

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes) As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)			
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5		
	100/0	122.8	216.6	33.2	76.9	231.7	44.9	99.3	25.6	39.9	9.6	105.8		
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
-8	100/0	85.4	220.9	33.2	76.9	231.7	58.3	95.7	33.6	49.3				
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	85.4	220.9	33.2	76.9	231.7	58.3	95.7	33.6	49.3				
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
-18	100/0	38.5	82.7	20.9	42.3	107.3								
-25	100/0	38.5	82.7	20.9	42.3	107.3								
-27	100/0	38.5	82.7	20.9	42.3	107.3								

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^t R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-9: CHEMCO CHEMR NORDIK IV

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	· Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	Freezing	Light	Rain on		
romporataro	Dilation	Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
		I = 2.6325	I = 2.7042	I = 2.7042	I = 2.7042	I = 2.6092	I = 2.4979	I = 2.5308	
	100/0	A = -0.7158	A = -0.6856	A = -0.6856	A = -0.6856	A = -0.6398	A = -0.5367	A = -0.6285	
			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		•
		I = 2.6790	I = 2.7042	I = 2.7042	I = 2.7042	I = 2.5682	I = 2.7893		
	100/0	A = -0.9206	A = -0.6856	A = -0.6856	A = -0.6856	A = -0.6212	A = -0.7992		
below -3 to -14 °C			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
(below 27 to 7 °F)		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	75/25							CAUTIC No holdo	
h-l 444- 40.00		I = 2.2331	I = 4.2171	I = 4.2171	I = 4.2171			time guide	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	A = -0.9189	A = -0.7360	A = -0.7360	A = -0.7360			exist	
(40.00)			B = -1.1607	B = -1.1607	B = -1.1607				
below -18 to -25 °C		I = 2.2331	I = 4.2171	I = 4.2171	I = 4.2171				
(below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	A = -0.9189	A = -0.7360	A = -0.7360	A = -0.7360				
,			B = -1.1607	B = -1.1607	B = -1.1607				
below -25 to -29 °C		I = 2.2331	I = 4.2171	I = 4.2171	I = 4.2171				
(below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	A = -0.9189	A = -0.7360	A = -0.7360	A = -0.7360				
			B = -1.1607	B = -1.1607	B = -1.1607				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution		HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes) As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)				
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5			
	100/0	135.6	261.2	55.7	104.4	238.3	78.8	145.2	55.9	79.4	22.5	123.5			
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-8	100/0	108.5	252.3	55.7	104.4	238.3	75.2	136.1	47.0	79.3					
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	108.5	252.3	55.7	104.4	238.3	75.2	136.1	47.0	79.3					
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-18	100/0	39.0	90.5	47.7	93.5	226.9									
-25	100/0	39.0	90.5	33.6	66.0	160.2									
-29	100/0	39.0	90.5	28.7	56.2	136.4									

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^t R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-10: CLARIANT MAX FLIGHT 04

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns		
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on			
	Direction	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ^{1,4}	Freezing Rain¹,⁴	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other		
		I = 2.5102	I = 3.4634	I = 3.4634	I = 3.4634	I = 2.0949	I = 2.4117	I = 2.6420			
	100/0	A = -0.4343	A = -0.7407 B = -0.7275	A = -0.7407 B = -0.7275	A = -0.7407 B = -0.7275	A = -0.0224	A = -0.4124	A = -0.6956			
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5385 A = -1.1945	I = 3.4634 A = -0.7407 B = -0.7275	I = 3.4634 A = -0.7407 B = -0.7275	I = 3.4634 A = -0.7407 B = -0.7275	I = 2.8956 A = -1.3456	I = 2.8529 A = -1.1429				
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holde time guide exist	over elines		
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8804 A = -0.7843	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			exist			
below -18 to -23.5 °C (below 0 to -10 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8804 A = -0.7843	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000						

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} \, \text{R}^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

⁴ Freezing drizzle and light freezing rain values were calculated at 12.7 g/dm²/h the year the holdover time table for this fluid was produced. Since they are now calculated at 13.0 g/dm²/h, values in the holdover time table may differ slightly from those calculated using these coefficients.

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution		HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes) As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)				
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5			
	100/0	160.9	239.6	83.1	163.8	399.5	117.5	120.0	68.4	89.6	21.8	143.2			
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-8	100/0	50.5	151.0	50.2	98.9	241.3	24.9	90.2	18.0	38.0					
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	50.5	151.0	35.6	70.3	171.4	24.9	90.2	18.0	38.0					
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-18	100/0	21.5	44.1	2.0	9.0	45.0									
-23.5	100/0	21.5	44.1	1.0	3.0	20.0									

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

 $^{2 \ \ \}text{Regression Equation: } \\ t = 10^{l} \ R^{A} \ (2-T)^{B}, \\ \text{where } \\ t = \text{holdover time (minutes)}, \\ R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^{2}/h) \\ \text{ and } \\ T = \text{temperature (°C)} \\ \text{ (and the precipitation rate (g/dm}^{2}/h)) \\ \text{ and } \\ T = \text{temperature (°C)} \\ \text{ (boson of the precipitation rate (g/dm}^{2}/h)) \\ \text{ (boson of the precipitation rate (g/dm}^{2}/h))) \\ \text{ (boson of the precipitation rate (g/dm}^{2}$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-11: CLARIANT MAX FLIGHT AVIA

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	· Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilduoii	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4864 A = -0.3214	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.8243 $A = -0.6182$ $B = -0.2788$	I = 2.8243 $A = -0.6182$ $B = -0.2788$	I = 2.5168 A = -0.5284	I = 2.2295 A = -0.3416	I = 2.8870 A = -1.0183	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6347 A = -0.8798	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.5583 A = -0.6474	I = 2.7838 A = -0.7360		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1916 A = -0.8933	I = 2.2480 A = -0.9120 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1544 A = -0.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3979 A = -1.0000 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1916 A = -0.8933	I = 2.2685 A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2465 A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3751 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28.5 °C (below -13 to -19 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1916 A = -0.8933	I = 2.1021 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1466 A = -1.2435 B = 0.0000	I = 2.4160 A = -1.5129 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		-
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	182.7	245.3	58.2	102.6	216.0	84.8	140.4	56.5	70.6	9.5	149.7
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
0	100/0	104.7	234.3	48.0	84.6	178.1	68.7	127.6	56.9	92.0		
-8	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	104.7	234.3	42.1	74.2	156.2	68.7	127.6	56.9	92.0		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	36.9	83.7	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	36.9	83.7	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-28.5	100/0	36.9	83.7	2.0	8.0	35.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-12: CLARIANT MAX FLIGHT SNEG

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Eroozina	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Bilduloii	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5734 A = -0.5916	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.1201 A = -0.0318	I = 3.1463 A = -1.0213	I = 2.3856 A = -0.6074	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3956 A = -0.0226	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.3595 A = -0.3733	I = 2.1906 A = -0.2633	I = 2.5045 A = -0.7062	
	50/50	I = 2.6114 A = -0.9560	I = 2.5982 A = -0.9523 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5982 A = -0.9523 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5982 A = -0.9523 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3438 A = -0.7175	I = 2.7427 A = -1.1421		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5197 A = -1.2481	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.7003 A = -1.0853	I = 2.6961 A = -0.9598		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.2989 A = -1.2091	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.5864 A = -1.1239	I = 2.7996 A = -1.0818	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9524 A = -0.8898	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9524 A = -0.8898	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9524 A = -0.8898	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	144.5	248.5	55.4	100.5	219.6	121.5	125.3	52.3	102.0	17.6	91.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	239.8	244.8	54.5	88.7	168.6	87.8	125.5	66.5	78.9	15.1	102.5
	50/50	87.7	210.7	18.5	44.2	139.3	35.0	69.5	14.0	29.5		
-8	100/0	44.4	139.3	43.9	79.6	174.0	31.0	87.4	22.6	42.4		
-0	75/25	28.4	86.1	43.9	71.6	136.0	21.6	63.2	19.4	39.3		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	44.4	139.3	37.5	68.0	148.6	31.0	87.4	22.6	42.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	28.4	86.1	38.0	61.9	117.6	21.6	63.2	19.4	39.3		
-18	100/0	21.4	48.4	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	21.4	48.4	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-29	100/0	21.4	48.4	0.0	2.0	10.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10¹ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-13: CLARIANT SAFEWING EG IV NORTH

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ıs
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Eroozina	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Bilduoii	Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5514 A = -0.5862	I = 2.7261 A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	I = 2.7261 A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	I = 2.7261 A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	I = 2.4593 A = -0.4518	I = 2.0514 A = -0.2650	I = 2.7876 A = -0.9859	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6521 A = -0.9130	I = 2.7261 A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	I = 2.7261 A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	I = 2.7261 A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	I = 2.4417 A = -0.5677	I = 2.7481 A = -0.7299		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1343 A = -0.7329	I = 2.2480 A = -0.9120 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1544 A = -0.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3979 A = -1.0000 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1343 A = -0.7329	I = 2.2685 A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2465 A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3751 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -30 °C (below -13 to -22 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1343 A = -0.7329	I = 2.1021 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1466 A = -1.2435 B = 0.0000	I = 2.4160 A = -1.5129 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather ((minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	138.6	237.1	52.3	97.5	221.2	90.4	139.2	48.0	57.0	8.7	125.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	103.3	238.4	49.4	92.2	209.1	64.5	110.9	53.4	86.1		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	103.3	238.4	47.6	88.7	201.2	64.5	110.9	53.4	86.1		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	41.9	82.0	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	41.9	82.0	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-30	100/0	41.9	82.0	2.0	8.0	35.0						

 $^{^{\}star}$ Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-14: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP IV LAUNCH

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro	Diracion .	Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3942 A = 0.0152	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7789 A = -0.7426	I = 2.9492 A = -0.8489	I = 2.5170 A = -0.7291	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.4388 A = -0.1431	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7945 A = -0.7101	I = 2.7548 A = -0.7917	I = 2.6192 A = -0.8499	
	50/50	I = 2.4323 A = -0.7333	I = 2.3978 A = -0.6703 B = -0.1021	I = 2.3978 A = -0.6703 B = -0.1021	I = 2.3978 A = -0.6703 B = -0.1021	I = 2.0818 A = -0.5727	I = 1.7686 A = -0.3607		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2823 A = -0.7333	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7424 A = -1.0767	I = 2.6379 A = -0.8846		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1203 A = -0.7220	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.6204 A = -1.0940	I = 2.4901 A = -0.7708	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8894 A = -0.6349	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8894 A = -0.6349	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	= 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993				
below -25 to -28.5 °C (below -13 to -19 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8894 A = -0.6349	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	254.0	250.5	64.3	104.8	199.2	89.5	181.9	57.9	100.8	14.1	101.7
+1 / -3 **	75/25	218.2	248.7	59.9	105.5	222.0	100.8	198.7	44.5	74.6	10.6	106.0
	50/50	83.1	162.8	24.5	45.3	101.5	27.8	48.0	18.4	23.3		
-8	100/0	58.8	115.2	54.4	88.7	168.5	34.9	97.7	25.2	44.9		
-0	75/25	41.3	80.0	52.0	91.6	192.7	25.2	71.7	25.9	42.8		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	58.8	115.2	48.6	79.2	150.5	34.9	97.7	25.2	44.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	41.3	80.0	47.2	83.2	175.0	25.2	71.7	25.9	42.8		
-18	100/0	27.9	49.9	6.7	22.1	107.1						
-25	100/0	27.9	49.9	2.7	9.0	43.5						
-28.5	100/0	27.9	49.9	1.9	6.2	30.2						

 $^{^{\}star}$ Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^l R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-15: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP IV LAUNCH PLUS

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3920 A = -0.0283	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 2.1074 A = -0.0294	I = 3.1822 A = -0.9927	I = 2.5435 A = -0.6674	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3948 A = -0.0330	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 2.0839 A = -0.0124	I = 2.0297 A = -0.0872	I = 2.4962 A = -0.6485	
	50/50	I = 2.1682 A = -0.4153	I = 2.6868 A = -0.8488 B = -0.2819	I = 2.6868 A = -0.8488 B = -0.2819	I = 2.6868 A = -0.8488 B = -0.2819	I = 2.4651 A = -0.9953	I = 1.8233 A = -0.4948		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4166 A = -0.9721	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 2.8810 A = -1.3058	I = 2.2126 A = -0.5630		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.4251 A = -1.1486	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 2.5583 A = -1.0902	I = 2.1385 A = -0.5738	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9339 A = -0.8158	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9339 A = -0.8158	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9339 A = -0.8158	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		-
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	235.6	241.8	55.2	124.8	364.6	118.8	122.1	62.3	119.2	19.6	119.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	235.4	242.6	47.9	114.3	358.7	117.5	118.9	80.9	85.6	19.1	110.4
	50/50	75.5	110.5	20.1	43.7	121.6	22.7	58.8	13.5	18.7		
-8	100/0	54.6	133.0	44.0	99.4	290.4	26.7	93.0	26.6	38.5		
-0	75/25	41.9	120.0	36.6	87.5	274.6	22.1	62.6	21.7	31.6		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	54.6	133.0	37.7	85.2	248.8	26.7	93.0	26.6	38.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	41.9	120.0	30.6	73.0	229.1	22.1	62.6	21.7	31.6		
-18	100/0	23.1	48.8	7.4	23.7	109.1						
-25	100/0	23.1	48.8	3.0	9.6	44.1						
-29	100/0	23.1	48.8	2.0	6.3	29.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-16: CRYOTECH POLAR GUARD® ADVANCE

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5794 A = -0.5025	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.2682 A = -0.2524	I = 2.2584 A = -0.2806	I = 2.6661 A = -0.7999	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.5776 A = -0.5705	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.2204 A = -0.1898	I = 2.8328 A = -0.8896	I = 2.6248 A = -0.8807	
	50/50	I = 2.1254 A = -0.6271	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.2943 A = -0.9086	I = 2.3695 A = -0.9996		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5101 A = -1.1145	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.7077 A = -1.0390	I = 2.0801 A = -0.3886		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.2594 A = -0.9785	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.4495 A = -0.9076	I = 2.0483 A = -0.3597	CAUTIO No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134			time guide exist	lines
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134				
below -25 to -30.5 °C (below -13 to -23 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	169.1	268.0	65.6	113.6	233.5	97.1	123.5	73.5	88.3	14.7	127.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	151.0	254.6	40.1	84.9	227.7	102.1	122.4	38.8	69.5	9.4	102.1
	50/50	48.6	86.4	10.0	26.4	94.9	19.2	45.6	9.4	18.0		
-8	100/0	53.8	149.5	48.4	83.8	172.4	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-0	75/25	37.6	92.2	31.5	66.8	179.1	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	53.8	149.5	39.4	68.2	140.3	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	37.6	92.2	26.8	56.8	152.2	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-18	100/0	27.4	51.9	11.5	33.2	134.2						
-25	100/0	27.4	51.9	4.8	13.8	56.0						
-30.5	100/0	27.4	51.9	2.7	7.9	31.7						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-17: CRYOTECH POLAR GUARD® XTEND

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5325 A = -0.5036	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.0792 A = 0.0000	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8932	I = 2.4479 A = -0.6234	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2661 A = -0.7204	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.7919 A = -1.1481	I = 1.9558 A = -0.1963		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7603 A = -0.5578	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7603 A = -0.5578	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7603 A = -0.5578	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		•
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	151.5	240.4	65.1	118.7	261.6	120.0	120.0	60.4	108.4	19.0	102.8
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
0	100/0	57.9	112.0	51.4	93.8	206.7	32.6	97.6	48.0	54.6		
-8	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	57.9	112.0	43.8	80.0	176.1	32.6	97.6	48.0	54.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.5	39.1	18.1	38.2	102.0						
-25	100/0	23.5	39.1	6.7	14.2	38.0						
-29	100/0	23.5	39.1	4.3	9.0	24.1						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-18: DOW CHEMICAL UCAR™ ENDURANCE EG106

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4198 A = -0.4664	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.4460 A = -0.5295	I = 2.5011 A = -0.5672	I = 2.5903 A = -0.7102	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4942 A = -0.6588	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.5065 A = -0.6779	I = 2.6525 A = -0.7145		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0589 A = -0.7941	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0589 A = -0.7941	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0589 A = -0.7941	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	•	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dria	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	124.1	190.3	38.4	79.6	207.5	71.8	119.1	51.1	74.0	18.1	124.1
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	108.1	197.6	33.5	69.4	180.7	56.4	107.8	45.0	71.9		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	108.1	197.6	30.5	63.1	164.5	56.4	107.8	45.0	71.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	31.9	66.0	22.9	49.3	135.4						
-25	100/0	31.9	66.0	19.1	41.1	112.9						
-29	100/0	31.9	66.0	17.6	37.8	103.9						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-19: DOW CHEMICAL UCAR™ FLIGHTGUARD AD-49

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Francisco	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Silation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4713 A = -0.2370	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.3729 A = -0.3927	I = 2.4943 A = -0.5000	I = 2.6531 A = -0.8558	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5177 A = -1.7715	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.8172 A = -1.2681	I = 1.9828 A = -0.5016		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^{\text{A}}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (sion Coeffic		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	202.1	251.2	58.8	113.3	267.9	86.2	125.4	62.4	86.6	11.2	113.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	19.0	96.5	46.6	89.6	211.9	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	19.0	96.5	39.7	76.5	180.8	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.2	40.2	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	23.2	40.2	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-26	100/0	23.2	40.2	0.0	2.0	10.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10¹ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-20: INLAND TECHNOLOGIES ECO-SHIELD®

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
. composition		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4628 A = -0.8425	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.5329 A = -0.8434	I = 1.8305 A = -0.1843	I = 2.4740 A = -0.7236	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4493 A = -0.8541	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.3150 A = -0.5411	I = 1.9809 A = -0.3441		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9894 A = -0.6913	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9894 A = -0.6913	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -25.5 °C (below -13 to -14 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9894 A = -0.6913	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	•	•
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	74.8	161.9	45.5	80.5	170.4	39.2	87.8	37.4	42.2	13.1	92.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	71.2	155.7	39.6	70.0	148.2	51.6	86.5	31.6	39.6		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	71.2	155.7	36.0	63.7	134.8	51.6	86.5	31.6	39.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	32.1	60.4	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	32.1	60.4	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-25.5	100/0	32.1	60.4	0.0	2.0	10.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-21: JSC RCP NORDIX DEFROST ECO 4

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Dilution	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4080 A = -0.6597	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.7595 $A = -0.7621$ $B = -0.1757$	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.1497 A = -0.2970	I = 2.5972 A = -0.7187	I = 2.2932 A = -0.6241	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5248 A = -1.1145	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.2310 A = -0.4646	I = 2.2288 A = -0.4780		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8711 A = -0.5814	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8711 A = -0.5814	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -25.5 °C (below -13 to -14 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8711 A = -0.5814	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	88.5	162.0	37.3	74.9	187.5	65.9	87.5	39.1	62.6	13.3	71.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	55.7	154.6	33.0	66.3	166.0	51.7	80.6	36.4	49.7		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	55.7	154.6	30.4	61.1	152.9	51.7	80.6	36.4	49.7		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	29.2	49.7	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	29.2	49.7	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-25.5	100/0	29.2	49.7	0.0	2.0	10.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-22: JSC RCP NORDIX DEFROST EG 4

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Eroozina	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Direction.	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
		I = 2.5056	I = 2.8844	I = 2.8844	I = 2.8844	I = 2.0792	I = 3.0138	I = 2.5585	
	100/0	A = -0.4182	A = -0.5813 B = -0.1986	A = -0.5813 B = -0.1986	A = -0.5813 B = -0.1986	A = 0.0000	A = -0.8899	A = -0.6856	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
		I = 2.5610	I = 2.8844	I = 2.8844	I = 2.8844	I = 2.6052	I = 2.5942		
	100/0	A = -0.6008	A = -0.5813	A = -0.5813	A = -0.5813	A = -0.7526	A = -0.4974		
below -3 to -14 °C			B = -0.1986	B = -0.1986	B = -0.1986				
(below 27 to 7 °F)		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	75/25							CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C		I = 2.5376	I = 2.2480	I = 2.1544	I = 2.3979			time guide	
(below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	A = -1.2454	A = -0.9120	A = -0.7565	A = -1.0000			exist	
			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
below -18 to -25 °C		I = 2.5376	l = 2.2685	I = 2.2465	I = 2.3751				
(below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	A = -1.2454	A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
		I = 2.5376	I = 2.1021	I = 2.1466	I = 2.4160				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	A = -1.2454	A = -1.1696	A = -1.2435	A = -1.5129				
(::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather ((minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezir	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	163.4	239.7	85.7	146.0	293.9	120.0	120.0	58.9	105.3	18.7	120.0
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	138.4	240.0	74.7	127.2	256.1	58.5	120.0	79.2	109.7		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	138.4	240.0	68.0	115.9	233.3	58.5	120.0	79.2	109.7		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	46.5	145.4	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	46.5	145.4	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-26	100/0	46.5	145.4	2.0	8.0	35.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10¹ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-23: JSC RCP NORDIX DEFROST NORTH 4

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
		I = 2.6515	I = 2.7447	I = 2.7447	I = 2.7447	I = 2.6377	I = 2.4403	I = 2.7110	
	100/0	A = -0.7575	A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	A = -0.7492	A = -0.6778	A = -0.9348	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6157 A = -0.5906	I = 2.7447 A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7447 A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7447 A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	I = 2.6041 A = -0.7058	I = 2.5954 A = -0.7285		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3727 A = -1.0450	I = 2.2480 A = -0.9120 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1544 A = -0.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3979 A = -1.0000 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3727 A = -1.0450	I = 2.2685 A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2465 A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3751 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3727 A = -1.0450	I = 2.1021 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1466 A = -1.2435 B = 0.0000	I = 2.4160 A = -1.5129 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dri	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezir	ght ng Rain n²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	132.4	265.1	38.8	82.8	224.0	63.6	130.0	31.1	48.4	9.1	114.2
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	159.5	274.1	38.8	82.8	224.0	65.7	129.1	37.8	60.8		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	159.5	274.1	38.8	82.8	224.0	65.7	129.1	37.8	60.8		
-107-14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	43.9	114.3	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	43.9	114.3	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-26	100/0	43.9	114.3	2.0	8.0	35.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: t = 10^t R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

^{**} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-24: KILFROST ABC-S PLUS

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	F	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Dilution	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5882 A = -0.6773	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.1349 A = -0.0810	I = 3.2080 A = -1.0102	I = 2.5437 A = -0.6337	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.4204 A = -0.6975	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.1108 A = -0.2951	I = 2.5019 A = -0.7097	I = 2.4230 A = -0.7288	
	50/50	I = 1.8988 A = -0.5888	I = 2.1742 A = -0.6668 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1742 A = -0.6668 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1742 A = -0.6668 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2203 A = -0.8993	I = 1.7490 A = -0.4516		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.7468 A = -1.4224	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.9992 A = -1.4676	I = 2.3542 A = -0.7931		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.3554 A = -1.0359	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.8273 A = -1.3891	I = 2.1553 A = -0.6538	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9370 A = -0.5185	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9370 A = -0.5185	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9370 A = -0.5185	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	130.3	242.3	72.8	124.9	253.7	110.8	119.8	62.5	121.0	22.7	126.1
+1 / -3 **	75/25	85.7	162.3	42.8	72.9	146.8	60.5	80.3	32.3	51.4	11.4	82.0
	50/50	30.7	52.7	17.5	32.2	71.8	16.5	39.1	13.1	17.6		
-8	100/0	56.6	208.3	65.0	111.5	226.4	23.1	94.1	17.6	29.6		
-0	75/25	42.8	110.6	38.2	65.1	131.0	19.1	71.8	17.4	26.7		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	56.6	208.3	60.2	103.2	209.7	23.1	94.1	17.6	29.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	42.8	110.6	35.4	60.2	121.3	19.1	71.8	17.4	26.7		
-18	100/0	37.5	60.4	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	37.5	60.4	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-28	100/0	37.5	60.4	0.0	2.0	10.0						

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^{\text{A}} \, (2 - \text{T})^{\text{B}}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/\text{h)}$ and T = temperature (°C)

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow ** Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{****} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-25: NEWAVE AEROCHEMICAL FCY 9311

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
. opo.u.u.o		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.6186 A = -0.7874	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.5218 A = -0.6026	I = 2.7035 A = -0.8019	I = 2.4128 A = -0.6988	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4840 A = -1.3099	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.4894 A = -0.8313	I = 2.3272 A = -0.7195		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9261 A = -0.6637	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9261 A = -0.6637	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481				
below -25 to -29.5 °C (below -13 to -21 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9261 A = -0.6637	I = 1.9749 A = -0.8155 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9749 A = -0.8155 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9749 A = -0.8155 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dria	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	117.0	240.8	35.8	71.0	174.7	70.9	126.1	38.2	64.6	12.7	84.0
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	37.0	122.9	28.3	56.2	138.4	36.6	81.0	21.0	33.6		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	37.0	122.9	24.2	48.0	118.1	36.6	81.0	21.0	33.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	29.0	53.2	13.5	28.4	75.9						
-25	100/0	29.0	53.2	7.5	15.9	42.3						
-29.5	100/0	29.0	53.2	6.8	14.4	38.5						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-26: NEWAVE AEROCHEMICAL FCY-EGIV

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.7246 A = -0.7713	I = 2.9022 A = -0.8496 B = -0.2809	I = 2.9022 A = -0.8496 B = -0.2809	I = 2.9022 A = -0.8496 B = -0.2809	I = 2.5738 A = -0.6025	I = 2.6083 A = -0.7282	I = 2.6420 A = -0.7798	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6090 A = -0.9888	I = 2.9022 A = -0.8496 B = -0.2809	I = 2.9022 A = -0.8496 B = -0.2809	I = 2.9022 A = -0.8496 B = -0.2809	I = 2.8537 A = -1.0325	I = 2.4852 A = -0.6098		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.4392 A = -1.2580	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.4392 A = -1.2580	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 2.4392 A = -1.2580	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268	I = 3.8875 A = -0.9433 B = -1.0268				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^1 \, R^A$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z zing z zle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	153.3	310.8	33.0	71.8	199.8	79.9	142.1	38.9	62.7	15.1	125.0
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
0	100/0	82.8	204.8	27.1	59.1	164.4	50.5	135.5	42.9	64.0		
-8	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	82.8	204.8	23.8	51.8	144.1	50.5	135.5	42.9	64.0		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	36.3	114.9	17.1	40.6	126.3						
-25	100/0	36.3	114.9	12.6	29.8	92.8						
-29	100/0	36.3	114.9	10.9	25.9	80.6						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l}$ R^A (2-T)^B, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-27: SHAANXI CLEANWAY AVIATION CLEANSURFACE IV

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets ^{2,3}	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals ¹	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle ¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing ¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5037 A = -0.3903	I = 3.3279 A = -0.6974 B = -0.8278	I = 3.3279 A = -0.6974 B = -0.8278	I = 3.3279 A = -0.6974 B = -0.8278	I = 2.2230 A = -0.1299	I = 1.9595 A = -0.0138	I = 2.7249 A = -0.8143	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.5266 A = -0.4875	I = 3.2662 A = -0.8594 B = -0.6150	I = 3.2662 A = -0.8594 B = -0.6150	I = 3.2662 A = -0.8594 B = -0.6150	I = 2.7184 A = -0.9235	I = 1.9155 A = -0.2570	I = 2.4087 A = -0.7760	
	50/50	I = 2.4207 A = -0.8825	I = 2.9686 A = -1.0764 B = -0.4446	I = 2.9686 A = -1.0764 B = -0.4446	I = 2.9686 A = -1.0764 B = -0.4446	I = 2.2650 A = -0.7956	I = 1.7827 A = -0.4609		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6480 A = -1.2687	I = 3.3279 A = -0.6974 B = -0.8278	I = 3.3279 A = -0.6974 B = -0.8278	I = 3.3279 A = -0.6974 B = -0.8278	I = 2.7839 A = -1.1024	I = 2.4424 A = -0.8195		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.3477 A = -0.9386	I = 3.2662 A = -0.8594 B = -0.6150	I = 3.2662 A = -0.8594 B = -0.6150	I = 3.2662 A = -0.8594 B = -0.6150	I = 2.5842 A = -0.9804	I = 2.3692 A = -0.6948	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9241 A = -0.6900	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9241 A = -0.6900	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28.5 °C (below -13 to -19 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9241 A = -0.6900	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

¹ Regression Equation: $t = 10^{1} R^{A}$, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

³ CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	•	•
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	170.2	243.3	59.5	112.7	260.9	119.8	135.6	87.1	87.9	15.8	143.1
+1 / -3 **	75/25	153.4	239.8	43.1	94.8	266.9	48.9	118.3	36.0	42.6	9.0	73.5
	50/50	63.7	142.9	14.2	38.1	139.4	23.9	51.2	13.8	18.6		
-8	100/0	57.7	184.5	33.5	63.5	147.0	36.0	103.1	19.8	33.8		
-0	75/25	49.2	116.2	28.2	61.9	174.2	31.1	79.2	25.0	39.4		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	57.7	184.5	22.7	43.0	99.6	36.0	103.1	19.8	33.8		
-10 / -14	75/25	49.2	116.2	21.1	46.4	130.5	31.1	79.2	25.0	39.4		
-18	100/0	27.7	52.0	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	27.7	52.0	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-28.5	100/0	27.7	52.0	0.0	2.0	10.0						

^{*} Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

² Regression Equation: $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

 $^{^{**}}$ Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1 $^{\circ}$ C; all other conditions calculated at -3 $^{\circ}$ C

^{***} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 4-28: TYPE IV GENERIC

VERIFICATION TABLE

				HOTDS Ve			er Various om Regress			(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezir or Ice (ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Freezir	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	3	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	74.8	161.9	31.1	62.3	138.6	39.2	70.6	19.0	33.7	8.2	63.8
+1 / -3 *	75/25	85.7	162.3	40.1	72.9	146.8	48.9	80.3	32.3	42.6	9.0	73.5
	50/50	30.7	52.7	10.0	26.4	71.8	16.5	39.1	9.4	17.6		
	100/0	19.0	96.5	26.8	53.7	123.6	23.1	69.1	17.6	26.5		
-8	75/25	28.4	80.0	28.2	61.9	131.0	19.1	62.6	17.4	26.7		
40 / 44 **	100/0	19.0	96.5	22.7	43.0	99.6	23.1	69.1	17.6	26.5		
-10 / -14 **	75/25	28.4	80.0	21.1	46.4	117.6	19.1	62.6	17.4	26.7		
-18	100/0	17.5	34.2	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	17.5	34.2	1.0	3.0	20.0						

^{*} Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

^{**} Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

TABLE 5: LOWEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW¹

	Type II De/Anti-	lcing Fluids		
FLUID DILUTION	100)/0	75/25	50/50
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE
ABAX ECOWING AD-2	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Aviation Shaanxi Hi-Tech Cleanwing II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Beijing Yadilite Aviation YD-102 Type II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT PLUS	4 g/dm²/h	10 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	4 g/dm²/h
Cryotech Polar Guard® II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost PG 2	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Kilfrost ABC-K Plus	3 g/dm²/h	10 g/dm²/h	4 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Newave Aerochemical FCY-2	3 g/dm²/h	10 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Newave Aerochemical FCY-2 Bio+	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG Type II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT Type II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h

Type III De/Anti-Icing Fluids				
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50
TEMPERATURE	-25°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -25°C	-10°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE
AllClear AeroClear MAX	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable

¹ The lowest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the higher of: (1) the minimum demonstrated precipitation measuring equipment rates in accordance with the FAA LWES AC (in no case less than 2.0 g/dm²/h) or (2) the lowest usable precipitation rate (LUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

 $^{{\}small 2\ \ Type\ I\ fluids\ are\ limited\ only\ by\ the\ general\ precipitation\ rate\ limitations\ set\ out\ in\ the\ FAA\ LWES\ AC.}$

TABLE 5: LOWEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW¹ (cont'd)

Type IV De/Anti-Icing Fluids				
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE
ABAX ECOWING AD-49	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AllClear ClearWing ECO	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AllClear ClearWing EG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
ASGlobal 4Flite EG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
ASGlobal 4Flite PG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight EG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight PG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
CHEMCO ChemR EG IV	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
CHEMCO ChemR Nordik IV	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Max Flight 04	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Max Flight AVIA	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Max Flight SNEG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing EG IV NORTH	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH PLUS	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Cryotech Polar Guard® Advance	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Cryotech Polar Guard® Xtend	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Dow UCAR Endurance EG106	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Dow UCAR FlightGuard AD-49	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Inland Technologies ECO-SHIELD®	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost ECO 4	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost EG 4	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost NORTH 4	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Kilfrost ABC-S Plus	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h
Newave Aerochemical FCY 9311	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Newave Aerochemical FCY-EGIV	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Shaanxi Cleanway Cleansurface IV	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h

¹ The lowest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the higher of: (1) the minimum demonstrated precipitation measuring equipment rates in accordance with the FAA LWES AC (in no case less than 2.0 g/dm²/h) or (2) the lowest usable precipitation rate (LUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

² Type I fluids are limited only by the general precipitation rate limitations set out in the FAA LWES AC.

TABLE 6: HIGHEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW1

Type II De/Anti-Icing Fluids				
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE
ABAX ECOWING AD-2	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Aviation Shaanxi Hi-Tech Cleanwing II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm ² /h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Beijing Yadilite Aviation YD-102 Type II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	40 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT PLUS	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	40 g/dm²/h
Cryotech Polar Guard® II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost PG 2	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Kilfrost ABC-K Plus	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h
Newave Aerochemical FCY-2	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Newave Aerochemical FCY-2 Bio+	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG Type II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT Type II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h

Type III De/Anti-Icing Fluids				
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50
TEMPERATURE	-25°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -25°C	-10°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE
AllClear AeroClear MAX	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable

¹ The highest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the lower of: (1) the maximum allowable precipitation rate for snow specified in the FAA LWES AC (50 g/dm²/h) or (2) the highest usable precipitation rate (HUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

² Type I fluids are limited only by the general precipitation rate limitations set out in the FAA LWES AC.

TABLE 6: HIGHEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW¹ (cont'd)

Type IV De/Anti-Icing Fluids				
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE
ABAX ECOWING AD-49	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AllClear ClearWing ECO	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AllClear ClearWing EG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
ASGlobal 4Flite EG	45 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
ASGlobal 4Flite PG	45 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight EG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight PG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
CHEMCO ChemR EG IV	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
CHEMCO ChemR Nordik IV	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Max Flight 04	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Max Flight AVIA	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Max Flight SNEG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing EG IV NORTH	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH PLUS	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm ² /h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Cryotech Polar Guard® Advance	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Cryotech Polar Guard® Xtend	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Dow UCAR Endurance EG106	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Dow UCAR FlightGuard AD-49	50 g/dm ² /h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Inland Technologies ECO-SHIELD®	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm ² /h	not applicable	not applicable
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost ECO 4	50 g/dm ² /h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost EG 4	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm ² /h	not applicable	not applicable
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost NORTH 4	45 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Kilfrost ABC-S Plus	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h
Newave Aerochemical FCY 9311	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Newave Aerochemical FCY-EGIV	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable
Shaanxi Cleanway Cleansurface IV	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h

¹ The highest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the lower of: (1) the maximum allowable precipitation rate for snow specified in the FAA LWES AC (50 g/dm²/h) or (2) the highest usable precipitation rate (HUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

² Type I fluids are limited only by the general precipitation rate limitations set out in the FAA LWES AC.